member it is fed not by thoughts of what you think you'll do, but by the strong volume of vital force which the heart distributes. Treat your life's blood well. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a medicinal sister of charity, and aids to keep you in good health as nothing else can.

Pure Blood-" My blood was poor. I had headaches and but little appetite. Since taking two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, the headaches are gone, my blood is in good condition and I have a good appetite." C. A. Hoffman, 580 Broadway, Long Island City, N. Y.



Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla-

Points to the New Man.

A shopkeeper named Danger moved across
street and put up this notice:
"J. Danger, from over the way."
Another man, who took the premises, put

up this notice:
"This is a safe shop; no Danger here."-

Catarrh Cannot Be Curea with Local Applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order

to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined posed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting direct-ly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists, price 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Suggested by the L.

Teacher—Now, Johnny, you know the eagle stands for America. What animal typifies Great Britain?
Johnny—I dunno.
"Oh, yes you do. Think for a moment; it begins with L."
(Eagerly)—"Lobster!"—Catholic Standard and Times.

Give the Children a Drink called Grain-O. It is a delicious, appetizing nourishing food drink to take the place of coffee. Sold by all grocers and liked by all who have used it, because when properly prepared it tastes like the finest coffee but is free from all its injurious properties. prepared it tastes like the linest collee but is free from all its injurious properties. Grain-O aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. It is not a stimulant but a health builder, and children, as well as adults, can drink it with great benefit. Costs about 2 as much as coffee. 15 and 25c.

At the Front.

He was a newspaper man. "Late war news tept me downtown," he stammered, as he entered the house at 5:30 a. m. "Humph!" replied his wife. "Well, we'll make a little more war news right here for a late edition." And the battle was on.—Philadelphia North American.

## Woman's Kidnev Troubles

Why trifle with health when the easiest and surest help is the best known medicine in the world?

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compo

is known everywhere and thousands of women have been cured of serious kidney derangements by it.

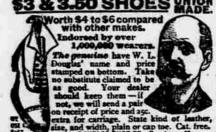
Mrs. Pinkham's methods have the endorsement of the mayor, the postmaster and others of her own city.

Her medicine has the endorsement of an unnumbered multitude of grateful women whose letters are constantly printed in this paper. Every woman should read these letters.

Mrs. Pinkham advises suffering women free of charge. Her address is Lynn, Mass.



CHICAGO, ILL. DOUGLAS \$3 & 3.50 SHOES UNION



## At Home." GEGIL RHODES PRESIDE

Be kind to your body. Re- Remarkable Speech of the South African Magnate at a De-Beers Company Meeting.

YEAR'S PROFITS TWO MILLION POUNDS.

The Transvaul and Free State. He Said. Were Not Republics, but Oligarchies, that Had Been Long Conspiring to Seize British South Africa-Defense of Kimberley.

Kimberley, Saturday. Feb. 24.-Mr. Cecil Rhodes, presiding at a meeting of the De Beers company, delivered a remarkable speech which was received with enthusiasm.

A Year's Enormous Profits.

After announcing that the year's profits of the De Beers company emounted to £2,090,000, he spoke of the chartered company's transactions with De Beers, and said that the shareholders were divided into two classes-imaginative and unimaginative. The latter, he sald, passed their lives filling money bags that are dissipated by their offspring on wine and rumen and horses. To the latter class, he stated, the transaction with the chartered company had closed satisfactoriy, as the De Beers company owned all the diamonds wherever its charter exsted.

A Glow of Satisfaction.

To the imaginative he drew an cloquent picture of these mines 100 years nence, as mirroring Euroupean civilieation in the far south.

"The latter," he said, "feel a glow of satisfaction at the thought that the immense riches taken from the soil have not been merely devoted to the decoration of the fair sex."

The War a Puzzle.

Speaking of the war he considered it a puzzle why it had arisen. The Transvaal and the Free State were not republicis," he declared, "but oligarchies, and had been long conspiring to seize British South Africa. Each government was simply a small political gang who humbugged the poor Dutchmen, appealing to their patriotism, and dividing the spoils among their coteries. The Afrikander had been working 20 years for indepen-

A Former President's Ambition. He said that former president Reitz, of the Orange Free State, had years ago avowed that his only ambition in life was to drive England out of Af-

rica. After showing how Kimberley had been defended by citizens, of whom 120 had been killed or wounded, and thanking Gen. French for his gallant ride, Mr. Rhodes closed brilliantly, asserting: "We have done our duty in preserving and protecting the greatest commercial asset in the world-her majesty's flag."

PRACTICAL WORK COMMENCED

The Census Bureau Begins the Shipment of Enumeration Schedules to Supervisors.

Washington, Feb. 28.-The census bureau, Monday, began the first practical work in connection with taking the census by shipping 100 boxes containing schedules in regard to agriculture, population, manufactures, vital statistics, etc., to supervisors throughout the country. A like number of boxes will be shipped each day until all the supervisors are supplied. It is said that 50 shipments will be neces-

The bureau is 75 days in advance of similar work in the last census. The enumerators, it is expected, will be fully equipped for active work by April 1, and this will complete the preparations for the field work of the census.

DEWEY PRIZE MONEY CLAIMS.

The United States Court of Claims Decides Against the Admiral's Contention.

Washington, Feb. 27.-The United States court of claims rendered a decision on the claim of Admiral Dewey for prize money on account of the de struction of the Spanish fleet in Manila harbor. The court decided against the admiral's contention that the enemy's force was superior to his and awarded him \$9,570.

PHIL D. ARMOUR JR'S. WILL. The Instrument Disposes of Proper ty to the Value of

Eight Millions.

Chicago, Feb. 27.-The will of the late Philip D. Armour, Jr., has been filed for probate here. The instrument disposes of property valued at \$8. 000,000, including \$6,800,000 in personal property, and the remainder in real estate. One-third of the estate is left to the widow, May E. Armour, and two-thirds is given in trust to three executors for the two surviving sons of the testator, Lester and Philip D.,

Revenled by an Expert Survey. San Francisco, Feb. 28 .- An expert survey of the United States hospital state of affairs in the engine room and other parts of the vessel, and it Bix weeks to repair her. When the repairs on the Missouri are completed she will return to the Philippines.

Died at Savannah, Ga. Savannah, Ga., Feb. 27-President H. M. Comer of the Central railroad of Georgia, died here. He had been ill for some time.

CONVENTION CALL ISSUED.

The Democratic National Conve tion to Meet at Kansas City. Mo., July 4. Next.

Washington, Feb. 23.-The Demoeratic national committee, after deciding, Thursday afternoon, upon Kansas City as the place, and July 4 as the time for holding the convention, decided the District of Columbia contest for national committeeman in favor of James L. Norris.

Chairman Jones was authorized to appoint a subcommittee of seven to make arrangements for the convention. It is probable that Messrs. Stone of Missouri, and Johnson of Kansas, will be members of this committee.

The national committee issued the

'The National democratic committee, baving met in the city of Washington on the twenty-second day of February, 1900, has appointed Wednesday, the fourth day of July, as the time, and chosen the city of Kansas City, Mo., as the place, for holding the National democratic convention. Each state is entitled to a representative therein, equal to double the number of its senators and representatives in the congress of the United States, and each territory, Alaska, Indian territory and the District of Columbia, shall have six delegates. All demeratic conservative reform citizens of the United States, irrespective of past political associations and differences, who can unite with us in the effort for pure, economical and constitutional government, and who favor the republic and oppose the empire are cordially invited to join us in sending delegates to the convention."

The committee adjourned, to meet at Kansas City, Mc., July 3.

THE GREAT CONVENTION HALL. The Building in Which the Demo

cratic Convention Will Meet. Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 23.-Convention hall, where the National democratic convention will be held, is situated at Thirteenth and Central streets, four blocks from the retail district of the city. It has been clased by travelers as one of the largest and most perfectly constructed auditoriums in existence.

The building was erected at a cost of \$225,000, which was raised entirely by public subscription. It eccupies a piece of ground 314 by 200 feet in extent, is two stories high and is built of native stone, cream brick and terra cotta. The first story is of the renaissance style of architecture, and the second story in peristyle form, with groups and columns. The building is of bridge construction, without : column, the roof being supported by greatsteel girders, that span its 200 feet in breadth. Its general seating arrangement is modeled somewhat upon the plan of the Metropolitan opera-house, New York. Its seating capacity is nearly

THE PHILLIPPINE ISLANDS. President Schurman of Cornell Hint at the Form of Government the Philippines Will Have.

Chicago, Feb. 24.-President Schurman of Cornell university, and former head of the Philippine commission, deliverel an address before the student body at the Armour institute, in which he forecasted the report and recommendations of the commission soon to be published at Washington.

President Schurman said he had recommended to the president a government and constitution for the Philippines identically the same as that framed by educated Filipinos, which is practically the governmental policy outlined by Thomas Jefferson for the government of the vast territory acquired by the Louisiana purchase. President Schurman said, further, he he was happy to state that President McKinley had accepted the recommendations, and was sending out a second commission, to put this government in

MUST NOTIFY THE RELATIVES.

Dead Soldiers' Interests to be Looked After by Their Immediate Commanders.

Washington, Feb. 25.-By direction of the secretary of war, paragraph 158 of the army regulations has been amended to read:

"When a soldier is killed in action, or dies at any post, hospital or station, it shall be the duty of his immediate commander to secure his effects and to prepare the inventory required by the 126th article of war, according to prescribed form, and to notify nearest relative of the fact of death. Deplicates of the inventory with final statements, will be forwarded direct to the

adjutant general of the army." Heretofore there has been no requirement as to notification of the rel-

Entombed by an Explosion of Gas. Seattle, Wash., Feb. 24.JOne man is entombed in a pocket of terrible coal gas, and doubtless dead, and two are seriously burned, as the result of an explosion in one of the Black Dia-

mond mines, Wednesday. The man believed to be dead is L. A. Avis, one of the oldest employes of the company.

Sad Freightage from Manila.

San Francisco, Feb. 25 .- The United States transport Hancock arrived, Friship Missouri has revealed a startling day, from Manila, via Nagasaki, and is In quarantine. The Hancock brings 100 discharged soldiers, ten passengers will cost \$11,000 and take at least and 506 dead bodies. Two soldiers died on the voyage.

Death of Sister Mary Bernard. Dubuque, Ia., Feb. 25.-Sister Mary Bernard, one of the founders of the order of Sisters of Charity, died bere at the mother house Mt. Carmel, Thursday. She had been in the order over 50 years, and was 90 years old.

Wreck, with Fatal Results, on the Missouri Pacific Near Independence, Mo.

AN UNKNOWN PASSENGER CREMATED.

Mrs. J. G. Schmidlapp, of Cincinnati, Instantly Killed and a Large Number of Other Passengers More or Less Injured -Story of the Wreck by an Eye-

Kansas City, Feb. 27.-A rear-end collision occurred, Tuesday night, on the main line of the Missouri Pacific railroad a few miles out of Kansas City. The St. Louis day express, due in Kansas City at 5:45 p. m., stuck in a snow drift two miles south of Independence, Mo. The prevailing blizzard was driving the snow in blinding sheets, and the St. Louis local passenger train due here at 6:25 p. m., crashed into the rear end of the stalled train. Both trains usually run at high

It is reported that many persons are hurt, but definite news is not yet available. A relief train from Kansas City has gone out with surgeons.

Story of an Eyewitness. William Rost, a farmer near whose place the wreck occurred, and who was one of the very first to rendered any assistance to the imperiled passengers, is quite sure that at least three women were burned in the wreck. When he reached the car flames were crackling through the splintered woodwork of the car at one end, while at the other end a cloud of blistering steam was belching from the locomotive, which had ripped the coach open from end to end. On every side were men and women crying for assistance.

Mr. Rost's first act was to pull from the wreck a woman whose legs were sticking out through a broken window. She was not badly hurt.

By the time this had been accomplished other passengers from the forward coaches had come back and helped out all of those in the burning car who could be reached.

Mr. Rost states that he saw the body of one woman jammed in the roof of the burning coach, and that it was not reached by the rescuers.

The body of another woman was consumed in full view of the passengers who gathered about the wreck. Mr. Rost and others reached into the burning debris and tried to drag her out, but she was pinioned under heavy wreckage. Mr. Rost says the young woman was apparently dead, as he reached her hand, and there was no response to his efforts at rescue. He describes the woman as about 25 years old. She wore a dark dress, and a leather chatelaine hung from her waist. Mr. Rost believes that he saw the body of still a third woman wedged between the timbers of the burning coach, but before he could get closer the fire and smoke and steam

obscured his view. The locomotive of the first train was dispatched to Independence for surgeons, and after returning with these came on to Kansas City with the passengers from the two trains. The parlor car of the express train was the only coach wrecked. The Killed.

Mrs. J. G. Schmidlapp, Cincinnati; instantly killed; body recovered. Unknown woman; body consumed

in wreck. The Injured.

J. G. Schmidlapp, Cincinnati; will recover. Miss Schmidlapp, Cincinnati; Scalded, with loss of sight of both eyes.

Mrs. J. Balke, Cincinnati, mother of Mrs. Schmidlapp; badly scalded, eye sight lost, but may receover. W. R. Vaughn, Cincinnati, newspa-

per reporter; scalded and right arm crushed, amputation necessary. L. F. Sheldon, Sedalia, assistant superintendent telegraph of Missouri

Pacific; painfully scalded. Brakeman Frank McAfee, St. Louis; badly bruised. Mrs. Elizabeth Peters, Kansas City;

scalded. Mrs. Elizabeth Lee, Cincinnati;

scalded. All of the injured have been brought to the University hospital in Kansas City.

UNDER A CHARGE OF MURDER.

Sandy Calhoun, an Ex-Kansas Soldier, Arrested for Killing His Partner at Yale, Kas.

Fort Scott, Kas., Feb. 28.-Sandy Calhoun, an ex-member of the Twentieth Kansas, was run down on a Memphis passenger train out of this city by officers on a switch engine and arrested charged with the murder of his business partner at Yale, Kas. He was apprehended when the train reached this city, but the officers thought he was a smallpox patient and released him. Shortly after the train left they were notified that he was wanted for murder. The company tendered the use of a switch cugine and Calhoun was caught at a crossing just out of town.

His Centennial.

Chillicothe, Mo., Feb. 28.-Thomas Hutchison, Livingston county's oldest inhabitant, celebrated his one hundreath birthday anniversary, Monday, at his home in Jackson township. Nearly 200 relatives and friends participated.

A Successful Affair. Philadelphia, Feb. 27 .- Mrs. Langtry's entertainment, Monday, in behalf of the fund for the widows and

orphans of "The Absent-Minded Beg-

ger," was a pronounced success. \$4,000

being realized.

STORY OF MAJUBA HILL.

the Divaster to the British Armi that "Tommy Atkins" was Auxlous to Wipe Off the Slate.

Nineteen years ago, February 27, octurred the massacre of Majuba, when the British experienced one of the most disastrous defeats recorded in English army annals, and Sir George Colley, governor of Natal and commander-in-chief of the colonial forces, was among the killed. The engagement on Majuba Hill was the concluding episode of the Boer-British war, in 1881 and paved the way to the establishment of a peace on what may be

termed a Boer basis. After dark on the evening of February 26, 1881, Gen. Colley paraded his force of 554 men in the camp at Mount Prospect, to which he had retired after the repulse at Laing's Nek, and the doubtful victory of the Ingogo. The force consisted of seven companies, belonging to the Fifty-eighth regiment, Sixtieth rifles, and Ninety-second Highlanders, with 64 men from the naval brigade. Not a man in that camp, outside of the staff, knew of its destination.

To his staff, Gen. Colley revealed the plan and purpose of the seizure of the summit. The occupation of such a commanding point would, he urged. compel the Boers to evacuate their position at Laing's Nek and restore to the British possession of the passes through the Drakensberg mountains,

The Majuba, like most South African mountains, shows at the summit a horrizontal sky line. The crest of the hill was some 2,000 feet higher than the Mount Prospect camp, and the northern side of the summit dominated the Boer position at Laing's Nek, but was not held by them. The Boers, in fact, were fully occupied in concentrating their forces and their energies in strengthening the defenses of the pass itself, as they believed, by holding it, they could bar the road into the Transvaal.

Guided by Kaffir scouts, Colley posted two companies of the Sixtieth Rifles and one of the Ninety-second Highlanders, at important points between Mount Prospect carrip and Majuba, and with the remaining four companies and the sailors, numbering just 400 men, the general himself led the way up the southern spur of the mountain. The climb was long and tiresome. The path at one point was so narrow that the men had to clamber, one by one, round a projecting rock; each man leaving his rifle with the next behind, till he had gained a footing on the further side. The summit was gained just before dawn, and it was found that the crest of the plateau of Majuba was a perimeter of fully 1,200 yards, but so commanding in appearance was the position that no shadow of doubt as to the ability of the little force to hold it against vastly superior numbers appears to have crossed the minds of Gen. Colley and his advisers.

When the morning mist cleared away, it was found that the distance to the Boer camp was too great for effective rifle fire, and the British had neither gatling guns nor rocket tubes to drive the burghers away from their breakfasts. After inspanning their oxen, Boer skirmishers were thrown out, approached within range, and the recent experience of Spion Kop was foreshadowed. The Boers had a definite mark, the sky line of the hill. The British saw here and there a puff of smoke, and knew that at that spot a Boer had found a sheltering rock. Up to 11 o'clock no great harm had been done, and the consensus of opinion on the British side was that the Boers were wasting their ammunition

The firing ceased for two hours, then suddenly, at 1:39, about sixty Boers appeared close to a body of the British. They occupied a small kopje, and, firing a volley, killed, disabled or dispersed the English in a moment. The sudden collapse of this party so dumfounded those who were in sight of the spot that they recoiled from the brow of the hill, thus leaving the attacking force free access to the summit. The rapidly increasing contingent of Beers clambered over the edge, swept the perimeter with a storm of lead, which sent the British flying headlong down the side of the mountain. All cohesion was lost. The rout was complete and ignominious. All the efforts of the general and his officers to rally their men were vain, and then at last, having suffered all the bitterness that life has in store for a soldier, Colley had the supreme good fortune to find death, facing the en-

When Gen. Joubert, the Boer commander, recalled his men from the pursuit of the fleeing British that afternoon, and retraced his steps up the Majuba, he found 40 dead soldiers on the slope of the mountain, while on the summit, surrounding the body of Gen. Colley, were 5 officers and 50 men, stain in that brief struggle. Nine officers and 121 men were wounded, and 7 officers and 45 men were taken prisoners. Of the original 400 which gained the summit, just 122 got back to the camp at Mount Prospect unscathed. The Boers had one man killed and five wounded.

Topeka. Kas., Feb. 28.-Five of the largest creamery companies in Kansas and Oklahoma, representing onefourth of the dairies in this territory, have been consolidated under the name of the Continental Creamery Co., with headquarters at Topeka. The consolidated company starts out with nine creameries and 107 skimming stations. It is said that this number will be increased so that in the near future one-half of the creamery busi-

ness of this territory will be handled

through the consolidated company.

A Creamery Combine.

## NONE SUCH

SORENESS **STIFFNESS** 

Nothing relaxes them and mai a speedy perfect cure like

St. Jacobs Oil



SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

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years. I ran across your CASCARETS in the town of Newell, In., and never found anything to equal them. To-day I am entirely free from offes and feel like a new man."

C. H. KEITZ, 1411 Jones St., Sloux City, In.



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